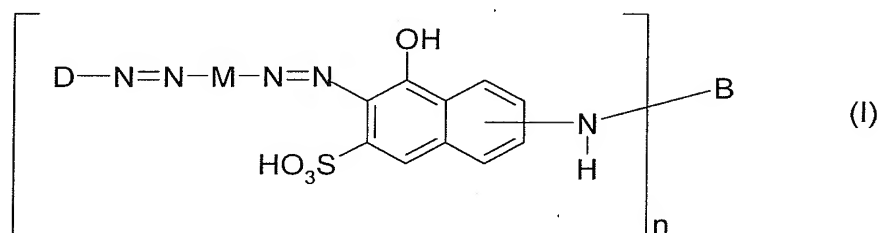


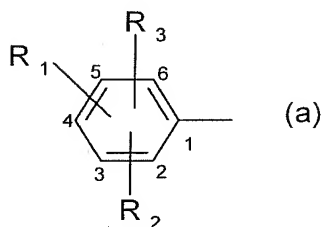
Amendments to the Claims

1. (currently amended) A concentrated aqueous solution, comprising at least one of a salt or a free acid of an anionic dye of the formula



where

D is a radical of the formula (a)



where

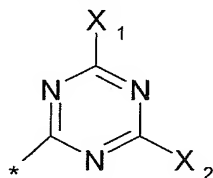
$R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ , are independently H;  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ ;  $-\text{OH}$  or  $-\text{CN}$ ; or independently  $-\text{SO}_2-\text{Y}$  or  $-\text{O}-\text{Y}$ , wherein Y is an unsubstituted  $C_{1-4}$ -alkenyl group or an unsubstituted  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl group, an NC-, HO-,  $\text{HOSO}_3^-$ , or halogen-substituted  $C_{1-4}$ -alkenyl group or an NC-, HO-,  $\text{HOSO}_3^-$ , or halogen-substituted  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl group,  $\text{NR}_{11}\text{R}_{12}$  where  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  are independently H,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or substituted  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or combine with the interjacent nitrogen to form a five- or six-membered

ring optionally including one or two or three heteroatoms, in which case the heterocyclic ring is unsubstituted or the heterocyclic ring is substituted by one or two C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl groups,

or D is a bicyclic ring system optionally substituted with C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -SO<sub>3</sub>H; -OH or -CN; or independently -SO<sub>2</sub>-Y or -O-Y, wherein Y is an unsubstituted C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkenyl group or an unsubstituted C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl group, NC-, HO-, HOSO<sub>3</sub>-, or halogen-substituted C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkenyl group or an NC-, HO-, HOSO<sub>3</sub>-, or halogen-substituted C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl group, -NR<sub>11</sub>R<sub>12</sub> where R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> are as defined above, wherein each of the rings can optionally independently be a five-membered or six-membered ring and these five- or six-membered rings, optionally including one or two or three heteroatoms and, wherein the bicyclic ring system is not further substituted by substituents attached via azo groups, and

M is a bridging phenyl group which may be unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyl, carboxyl, sulpho, cyano or halogen, and

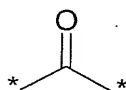
when n = 1, B is hydrogen, an unsubstituted aryl radical, a substituted aryl radical, an unsubstituted acyl radical, a substituted acyl radical or a substituted triazine derivative having the formula



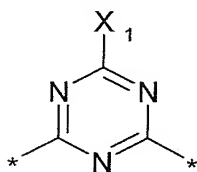
where X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub> are independently unsubstituted amine -NH<sub>2</sub> or substituted amine -NR<sub>21</sub>R<sub>22</sub> where R<sub>21</sub> and R<sub>22</sub> are independently H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or substituted C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or combine with the interjacent

nitrogen to form a five- or six-membered ring which one or two or three heteroatoms, in which case the heterocyclic ring is unsubstituted or the heterocyclic ring is substituted by one or two C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl groups

or when n = 2, B is a bridge of the formula

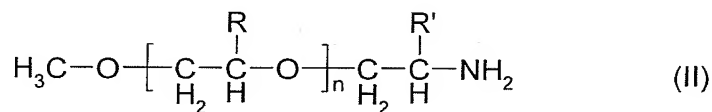


or a bridge of the formula



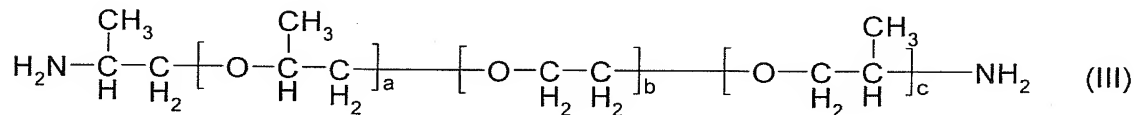
where X<sub>1</sub> is as defined above

and at least one of the polyoxyalkyleneamines of the formula



where n = 10 to 50 and wherein R and R' are independently H or methyl

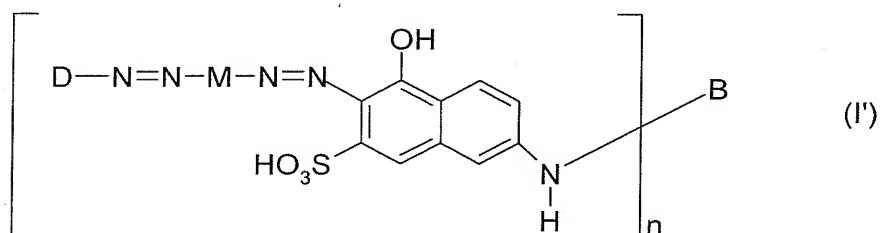
or of the formula



where a + c = 2 to 6 and b = 2 to 40

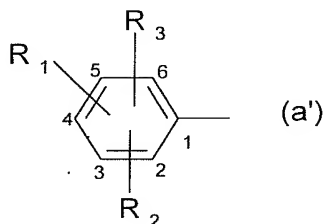
with the proviso that the molecular weight of the polyoxyalkyleneamine (II) or polyoxyalkyleneamine (III) is less than 1000.

2. (previously presented) A concentrated aqueous solution according to Claim 1, wherein the dye of the formula I is a dye of the formula I'



3. (currently amended) A concentrated aqueous solution according to Claim 1, wherein

D is a radical of the formula (a')

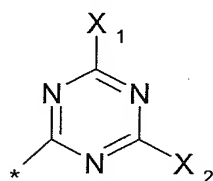


where

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, are independently H; C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy; -SO<sub>3</sub>H; -OH or -CN;

M is a bridging phenyl group which may be unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy; sulpho, carboxyl, or hydroxyl and

B is H, an unsubstituted phenyl group or substituted phenyl group or a substituted triazine derivative of the formula



where X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub> are independently an unsubstituted amine -NH<sub>2</sub> or substituted amine -NR<sub>21</sub>R<sub>22</sub> where R<sub>21</sub> and R<sub>22</sub> are independently H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or substituted C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or combine with the interjacent nitrogen to form a five- or six-membered ring which one or two or three heteroatoms, in which case the heterocyclic ring is unsubstituted or the heterocyclic ring is substituted by one or two C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl groups as defined above and n = 1.

4. (previously presented) A concentrated aqueous solution according to Claim 1 comprising 5% to 40% by weight the dye of formula I, 5 to 40% by weight the polyglycolamine of formula II or of formula III and 20% to 90% by weight of water.
5. (previously presented) A concentrated aqueous solution according to Claim 4, comprising 10 to 30% by weight the dye of the formula I, 10 to 30% by weight the polyglycolamine of formula II or of formula III and 40 to 80% by weight of water.
6. (previously presented) An inkjet ink comprising a solution according to Claim 1.

7. (previously presented) A process for dyeing and/or printing a hydroxyl-containing substrate comprising the step of contacting the concentrated aqueous solution according to Claim 1 with the hydroxyl-containing substrate .
8. (previously presented) A hydroxyl-containing substrate dyed and/or printed by the process according to Claim 7.
9. (previously presented) A process according to Claim 7, wherein the hydroxyl-containing substrate is paper.
10. (previously presented) A hydroxyl-containing paper dyed and/or printed by the process according to Claim 9.